

NATIONAL
CONVENTION
CANDIDATES.

Governor Atkinson is Being Boomed
By Some of His Ardent
Admirers.

J. E. DANA IN THE RACE.

So-called Protest in the Senate To-day
Against Seating Senator
Scott—Big Sandy Bridge.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—West Virginia's representatives in both houses of Congress, it is understood are of the opinion that the state should honor Governor Atkinson by electing him a delegate-at-large to the national Republican convention, at Philadelphia. Governor Atkinson is well known to a large proportion of the leading Republicans of the country. He has served a term in Congress, and is just closing his term as governor. As one of the delegates at large, it is argued, his experience will be of value and he will personally exercise great influence in shaping the policy of the party. By electing Governor Atkinson a delegate the state will be in line with other commonwealths in honoring the chief executive.

Dana, of Kanawha Mentioned.
Another man favorably mentioned for election, as a delegate to the convention at Philadelphia, is Mr. J. E. Dana, of Charleston, whose fidelity to Republican principles, and loyalty to party make him an available candidate for the district or delegate-at-large. Mr. Dana, it is declared, has given his influence and contributed his time and means to the cause of Republicanism, and has never asked anything for himself. His party fealty has been based upon a desire to further the welfare and prosperity of the country.

The first business in order in the senate after the vote on Mr. Quay's case tomorrow will be the consideration of the so-called protest against Senator Scott retaining his seat. It is believed there will be no speeches made for or against the majority report, and no attempt to justify the contention against the legality of the senator's election. Even if Senator Pettus should report charges he made in the report signed only by himself, it is possible there will be no response. All concede that Senator Pettus has been misled and his Democratic colleagues accept the conclusions reached by the majority of the committee, five Republicans and three Democrats.

Senator McComas, of Maryland, has charge of the majority report.

Bridge Across the Big Sandy.

The bill authorizing the Ohio Valley Electric Railway Company to construct a bridge over the Big Sandy river between Kenova, West Virginia and Catlettsburg, Ky., is now a law, having passed both houses, and been signed by the President. Favorable report was submitted by the war department, under date of April 11, and on motion of Senator Elkins, the bill was soon after passed through the senate. Subsequently the senate bill was called up in the house, on motion of Representative Johnston, and passed and the house bill then pending with the same purpose in view, was, on motion of Mr. Johnston, laid upon the table.

The measure provides that the bridge to be constructed shall admit of the passage of railroad cars, wagons, and vehicles of all kinds; for the transit of animals, foot passengers, and all kinds of commerce, travel or communication, and the corporation is authorized to receive reasonable tolls therefor, subject to the approval of the secretary of war. There is a provision that the bridge shall not interfere with the passage of vessels, and that there shall be displayed the customary safety signals.

Hon. J. N. Camden is interested in the company.

LEAVE FOR CANTON.

President and Mrs. McKinley Go to
Look Over Their Old Home.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—President and Mrs. McKinley left here at 7:20 o'clock to-night via the Pennsylvania railroad for a visit of several days to Canton. They occupied the private car Olympia, forming part of the regular train. Accompanying them were Secretary Cortelyou, Dr. P. M. Rixey, George Barrett, a nephew of the President, Wm. S. Hawk, a friend, and Mr. Leonard, a stenographer. The President and Mrs. McKinley will inspect the work which has been in progress at their Canton home and return to Washington probably Friday. Secretaries Hitchcock and Wilson and Comptroller Dawes were at the station to say good-bye to the party.

WEBSTER DAVIS' SUCCESSOR

Is Frank L. Campbell, a Former Inhabitant of This State.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The President to-day sent the following nominations to the senate:

Frank L. Campbell, of the District of Columbia, to be assistant secretary of the interior.

J. H. Hollander, of Maryland, to be treasurer of the island of Puerto Rico; John R. Garrison, of the District of Columbia, to be auditor of the island of Puerto Rico.

Frank L. Campbell, who succeeds Webster Davis as assistant secretary of the interior, is fifty-six years of age. He was born in West Virginia, and left Washington and Jefferson college to enter the Union army. At the close of the war he opened the first free school in West Virginia. In 1870 he came to Washington as an employee in the census office, and rose steadily to an assistant attorneyship in the office of the assistant attorney general for the

interior department, which position he held for nineteen years, having by promotions become first assistant attorney. Mr. Campbell has always been an earnest Republican. It is understood that Secretary Hitchcock asked for Mr. Campbell's appointment as a recognition of his sterling integrity and legal and executive ability, and as embodying a high conception of civil service principles.

TURKS HEARD FROM.

The Reply Inconclusive, and Leaves
the Subject Still Open for Discussion—Energetic Response to be Made.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The state department has received through Lloyd Griscom, the United States charge at Constantinople, the reply of the Turkish government to the latest representations of the United States, touching the American missionary claims. The communication was taken to the white house by Secretary Hay, and presumably was considered by the cabinet at the special meeting to-day. Mr. Straus, the United States minister to Turkey, who had come over from New York for the purpose of conferring with the department affecting these claims, called at the state department to-day, and talked over the last Turkish action with Secretary Hay, before the cabinet meeting.

The department made no public statement touching the Turkish acts, beyond the mere announcement that it was inconclusive, and left the subject still open for discussion.

Diplomatic Card of Some Strength.

The opinion prevails in the diplomatic circles here that assuming the Turkish government has insisted on including the American claims with the others, it has played a diplomatic card of some strength. Such an answer to the American demand that it be well calculated to deprive the United States from sympathy of the European powers, as it places it in a position of seeking to export better terms from the Turks than are to be accorded the claimants of other nations, or at least attempting to secure precedence over them, which amounts to the same thing. A reason which leads to the belief that there must be some qualification attached to the reported answer of the Turkish government is the fact that it would amount to a total repudiation of the promises alleged by Mr. Straus to have been made by him to the port; while the proposition to the American claimants to throw in their claims with those of other nations, is equivalent to a declaration of war, inasmuch as the Turkish government has not for many years paid any of these foreign claims, so far as is known here. It is possible that the port has it in mind to create a commission for the settlement of all these claims, and is seeking to prepare the United States government for a submission of its claims to such an international tribunal. The state department, however, is determined not to abandon the preferential position respecting its claims that it has secured through the Sultan's own promises, so it is anticipated that an energetic response to this last note will be sent to the port through Mr. Griscom.

Previous Agreement Necessary.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Lloyd Griscom, the United States charge d'affaires, at Constantinople, has called the state department that the Turkish minister for foreign affairs has informed the ambassadors that the port will not raise tariffs without previous agreement with the powers.

Will Hear Arguments.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—After devoting next Monday and Tuesday to the hearing of arguments in the Kentucky governorship case, the supreme court will take a recess until May 21, these two sessions to be for motions and opinions. May 21, the court will adjourn finally.

Must be Citizens of Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The conferees on the Hawaiian government bill have agreed to that feature of the house bill requiring that the governor, judges, etc., shall be citizens of Hawaii.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICANS

Lining Up for the Convention, which
is to be Held To-day.

HARRISBURG, April 23.—The struggle for the favors in the gift of the Republican state convention has begun in earnest, although there is scarcely a handful of delegates in Harrisburg to-night. The candidates and their boomers are nearly all on the ground, however, and those who have not yet reached here will be on hand before the convention assemblies on Wednesday. Senator Penrose and other leaders will be here to-morrow night for a conference at the executive mansion to prepare a programme for the convention. State Chairman Reeder established headquarters to-day at the Lochiel hotel and has a force of assistants at work arranging the preliminaries of the convention. Two candidates will be nominated for congressmen at-large, and the indications are that Galusha A. Grow will be one of them.

NO MEETINGS HELD

Of the Ecumenical Conference Yesterday.

NEW YORK, April 23.—No meeting of the ecumenical conference was held this afternoon. Instead eight sectional meetings were held in as many neighboring churches. Reports were made at these meetings concerning the work and prospects in China, Burma, Assam, Siam, India, Ceylon, Oceania, Mohammedan lands, Africa, North and South America, and also among the Hebrews in all lands. All the meetings were largely attended, and addresses were made by several missionaries in each.

Both Carnegie Hall and the neighboring central Presbyterian church were crowded during the evening sessions.

WIFE OF EX-SENATOR

Found in the Yard of a Boarding House Severely Injured.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—Mrs. Lillie Kuhn, wife of former state senator William Kuhn, of Richmond, Va., was found in the side yard of a boarding house at 716 North Sixteenth street, shortly after midnight this (Tuesday) morning, with her head and face badly lacerated, one leg broken and her body badly bruised. She was removed to St. Joseph's hospital, where her husband, with his throat badly cut was also sent under the guard of two policemen. He was under surveillance on suspicion to await the result of his wife's injuries.

SEN. CLARK
NOT WANTED
IN CONGRESS.

Finding of the Senate Committee is
That His Election Was
Null and Void.

SERIOUS CHARGES PREFERRED

Report Concludes With Strong Recommendation For an Early Consideration of the Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—Senator Chandler from the senate committee on privileges and elections to-day submitted to the senate the report of that committee in the case of Senator Clark, of Montana. The report is comparatively brief, covering only about fifteen pages of printed matter. It does not rehearse the testimony, but simply presents the findings of the committee and its reasons for its course. The finding of the committee is stated as follows:

The Finding of the Committee.

"The finding of the committee is that the election to the senate of William A. Clark, of Montana, is null and void on account of bribery, attempted bribery and corrupt practices by his agents, and of violation of the laws of Montana defining and punishing crimes against the elective franchise."

In view of this finding the committee reports and unanimously recommends the adoption by the senate of the following resolution:

"Resolved, That William A. Clark was not duly and legally elected to a seat in the senate of the United States by the legislature of the state of Montana."

Want Early Consideration.

The report concludes with a strong recommendation for early consideration of the case, as follows:

"The senate should, as a duty to itself and to the country, demonstrate by its action in this case that seats in the United States senate procured as Senator Clark's has been procured, cannot be retained by the deliberate judgment of the senate. The senate also owes a duty to the people of Montana who, conscious of the bad repute into which the state had fallen by reason of vast expenditures of money in connection with its elections, manifested such a public sentiment that the legislature of 1896 passed a statute which, if obeyed, would have redeemed the state from its bad name. For the direct and gross violations of that statute and the consequent discredit which continues to rest upon the state, Montana has a right to expect a prompt and decisive remedy from the action of the senate upon the report of this committee."

Debate on the Quay Case.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—A two days' debate on the right of the Hon. M. S. Quay to a seat as a senator from Pennsylvania, was begun almost immediately after the senate convened to-day. Until to-day the debate has been desultory in character. To-morrow at 4 p. m., under a special order the case is to be disposed of. A direct vote upon the proposition to seat Mr. Quay may not be taken immediately after the close of the debate. Mr. Chandler has a motion pending to seat Mr. Quay, but it is held by the senate parliamentarians that every subsidiary motion will take precedence over Mr. Chandler's motion. These include motions indefinitely to postpone, to postpone to a definite day, to recommit to the committee, and to amend. How the senate will vote on any of them is a matter of speculation.

In support of Mr. Quay's right to a seat, speeches were delivered to-day by Mr. Chandler, (N. H.); Mr. Kenney, (Del.), and Mr. Penrose, (Penn.) Mr. Platt, (Conn.), and Mr. Quarles, (Wis.), delivered speeches in opposition to Mr. Quay.

Postoffice Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 23.—The house to-day entered upon consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill and the general debate which closed with the adjournment this afternoon, was devoted largely to discussion of pertinent matters. The minority of the committee dissented from the provisions in the bill relating to the extension of the pneumatic tube service, special fast mail facilities and the cost of railroad transportation, and these were the main subjects of contentions.

Taylor Still at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Governor W. S. Taylor, of Kentucky, who has been for several days in New York, returned to the city this afternoon. His present intention is to remain in the city until after the disputed governorship contest is argued in the supreme court next week. The governor to-night said he had a very pleasant trip to the metropolis and admitted that he had conferred with Republican leaders about his case. He preferred, however, not to go into any details regarding the conference, or to be interviewed regarding other features of the case.

Singular Fatal Accident.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
CLARKSBURG, W. Va., April 23.—Archie Wiseman, aged seven years, son of James Wiseman, met with a horrible and queer death late this evening. Leading a cow home from pasture, he tied the strap around his body, with the other end attached to the cow's horns. The cow became frightened and ran along the railroad track, dragging the boy some 300 yards. His neck was broken and his skull frightfully mashed. He died almost instantly.

DISASTROUS FLOODS

In the South—Over \$3,000,000 Worth
of Property Already Destroyed.
Many People in Distress.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 23.—Pouring rains continue throughout the flood districts of the south and the danger to lives and property is becoming more grave. It was thought Saturday, that the crisis was passed, but in many localities the rain is falling again with increased violence. Late reports to the weather bureau show that heavy precipitation has been general within the last twelve hours throughout the flooded country. It was estimated last Saturday that \$3,000,000 worth of private property had already been destroyed and it is now thought probable that this damage will be heavily increased. Mail and telegraph communication has been destroyed between the smaller towns in Mississippi and Alabama south of Jackson, the northern limit of the flood. Many farm houses have been swept away, the occupants barely escaping with their lives and the drowning of a family of seven negroes is reported from Jackson, Miss.

The flood district is roughly bounded by a line drawn from Mobile up to the Tombigbee river to the center of the state of Alabama, thence west through Jackson, Miss., to the Mississippi river. Around Columbia, Miss., every railroad and wagon bridge is reported washed away and first crops are a total loss. At Enterprise, Miss., the water stands five feet in the houses and stores. At Meridian, Miss., the water is reported at six feet in the streets and still rising. Timber and buildings are reported destroyed at Ellisville, Meridian, De Soto and throughout the Bayou pierre district in Mississippi, and numerous small points in Alabama report great damage.

Many people in the small water bound towns of Mississippi are reported on the brink of starvation.

LEWIS FOR DOVENER.

The County Instructs for the First
District's Congressman.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

WESTON, W. Va., April 23.—Although it was a rainy day, a large crowd of earnest and enthusiastic Republicans assembled here to attend the county convention. It was the largest mass meeting ever held here.

The delegates to the state convention were instructed to vote for Hon. A. B. White for governor and for Senator George C. Cole for attorney general. The congressional delegation was instructed to vote for Hon. B. B. Dovener for Congress.

Jumped into a Coke Oven.

SCOTSDALE, Pa., April 23.—An unknown man committed suicide this morning by jumping into a coke oven at Morgan Station. Workmen at the coke yard saw him disappear through the tunnel head of the oven, and by the time they broke down the door and pulled the body out of the oven he was dead. There is no means of identification, as the body was burned to a crisp.

TOLD IN FEW WORDS.

The United States transport Sumner has arrived at Port Said, Egypt.

Additional rains have added gravity to the flood situation in the Mississippi Valley.

Dr. Rene de Poyan-Bellisle, professor of French at the University of Chicago, was found dead yesterday, in his apartments.

Latest reports from the scene of the bush fires near the Minnesota boundary line show that there has been no loss of life.

John Horton, a negro, his wife and five children were drowned in the backwater of Beard river, Mississippi, while trying to escape from the flood.

Members of the "boxers" society, Saturday massacred many Chinese Catholics near Poo Tung, Fu, in the province of Po Chi Li, southwest of Tien Tsin.

The supreme court yesterday refused to grant a writ of certiorari in the case of Oberlin K. Carter, convicted of court-martial for irregularities while in charge of engineering works in Georgia.

At a meeting of leading financiers and manufacturers Monday in Berlin, under the presidency of Dr. Koch, president of the Imperial bank, it was decided to raise a fund for the relief of the famine sufferers in India, and those present subscribed \$20,000.

The capture of Bocas del Terro and the threatened attack on Colon, may compel forcible intervention by the government of the United States to preserve the "perfect neutrality" of the isthmus, guaranteed by the United States in the treaty of 1846.

An electric passenger car on the Lake Shore line collided Monday south of MI. Clemens, Mich., with some flat cars, which were being pushed by a motor car. In the shock the passenger motor was forced upon a flat car. Seven persons were seriously injured.

Admiral Dewey and Rear Admiral Hitchborn yesterday, to the house committee on naval affairs, expressed approval of the Holland type of submarine boats, particularly for coast defense purposes and the moral effect such a mysterious engine of warfare would exert.

Fire has been raging since Sunday night in the Tilden mine, at Bessemer, Mich., several hundred feet below the surface. It is known to be near No. 6 shaft, where the powder magazine is located. All men have been ordered out of the mine, in anticipation of an explosion.

The Bank of Nova Scotia, of Chicago, has brought suit in the superior court against Count Toulouse de Lautre, who was arrested at the Auditorium annex Sunday, charged with having sold forged bonds in Canada, for the recovery of \$1,500 alleged to be due the bank.

Count de Lautre is also named in the papers filed as M. Castano.

Operations were suspended Monday at the three rod mills of the Illinois Steel Company, in Joliet. Between 500 and 700 men were thrown out of employment. It is rumored that the entire Illinois steel plant here, which is controlled by the Federal Steel Company, will shortly close down. The rumor lacks official confirmation, however.

The latest official reports from the famine districts in India say that the misery existing there is indescribable and unparalleled, and that the present relief is entirely inadequate. They add that the mortality among the cattle is also so severe that the authorities are trying to adapt farm implements so that human power can replace that of bullocks.

COL DALGETY
HOLDING OUT
AT WEPENER.

One Division and Two Brigades of
Cavalry Go to the Assistance
of General Rundle.

THE KILLED AND WOUNDED

Will Number Many of the Best Officers
of the English—Boers Appear to have Big Guns.

LONDON, April 23.—Col. Dalgety is holding out at Wepener. It is reported that all the Boers have crossed to the north side of the Caledon river.

LONDON, April 24, 5 a. m.—The strong body of reinforcements which Lord Roberts sent to assist the relief of Wepener and to endeavor to envelope and cut off the Boers from a retreat northward furnishes further evidence that the Boers are assembled in much larger forces around Wepener than had hitherto been supposed, and as the Times in an editorial this morning, remarks: "Whatever may be the difficulties of roads and rains, the Boers always appear to have guns and sometimes big ones, where they want them."

A Boer dispatch dated Thaba N'Chu, April 20, says that a fresh supply of cannon and ammunition has reached General DeWet at Jammersburg Drift. It also asserts that one of Colonel Dalgety's guns has been smashed.

Karrifontein, mentioned in Lord Roberts' message to the war office, is fifteen miles south of Bloemfontein. Leeuw Kop is two miles further south. Apparently the British captured Paarde Kraal Sunday night. The Boers evacuated Leeuw Kop during the night, removing the gun and the British occupied the Kop the next morning.

Boers' Position Dangerous.

Although the Boers appear to be offering stout resistance to the British advance, their position is dangerous. They can scarcely delay further their retreat northward without incurring the risk of being cut off. Usually they have been well informed regarding the British plans and they are not likely to run such a risk, especially as they have partially accomplished their object in drawing large forces from Bloemfontein on long marches and have thereby delayed the advance on Pretoria.

The Morning Post commenting upon the difficulty Lord Roberts is experiencing asserts the wisdom of arranging for a steady flow of reinforcements.

The report that a Boer commando was at Frankfort proved to be without foundation, but evidently there is a large force opposing Lord Methuen.

Telegram From Roberts.

LONDON, April 23.—The war office late this evening issued the following telegram from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 23, 2:30 p. m.:

"Yesterday I dispatched the eleventh division under General Pole-Carew and two brigades of cavalry under General French from this point to assist General Rundle. The force reached Karrifontein without much opposition.

"Casualties reported: Welsh regiment, private killed, Captain Prothero mortally wounded and seven men, Yorkshires, eight wounded. Eighth hussars, one killed, one wounded. Fourteenth hussars, one wounded. Royal artillery, two wounded. Seventh dragons lieutenant Jenkins and ten men missing.

"Captain Rotton, royal artillery, broke an arm by a fall.

"General Pole-Carew's mounted infantry seized Leq's Kop, a high hill, a few miles north of their last night's position. The enemy evacuated hurriedly, leaving some rifles and ammunition.

"General Rundle reports that twenty-five men of the First Worcesters are missing. Fifty-three were sent with Wood to an outpost after dark and only eighteen returned. Their numbers and names will be reported to-day, as well as four wounded."

The war office has given no explanation of the apparent discrepancy in the figures as to the men of the Worcester regiment.

Hostile to Uncle Sam.

LONDON, April 23.—The Vienna correspondent of the Times says:

"The Boer peace commissioners will not be received either at Vienna, Berlin, St. Petersburg, or Rome. It is well that the United States should know how the mission has fared in Europe and the temper of Europe toward the United States.

"The widespread hostility to the United States which is constantly manifested on the continent is a factor to be reckoned with, as the United States will doubtless discover at the next renewal of commercial treaties."

Closing in On Boshof.

LONDON, April 24.—The Daily Telegraph has the following from Boshof, dated Monday, April 23:

"The Boers are closing in on Boshof. Their nearest laager is five miles distant. Communication with Kimberley is still open."

Gun Foundry at Pretoria.

LONDON, April 24.—The Lourenco Marques correspondent of the Times says:

"The foreign ordnance experts in the Boer war department have succeeded in equipping a big gun foundry at Pretoria. The first gun has been sent to the Free State. Nothing is known here regarding its calibre."

IRON AND STEEL

Stagnation Result of the Cut in the
American Steel and Wire Company.
Has No Effect in Other Lines.

PITTSBURGH, April 23.—Stagnation of trade in iron and steel circles was noticeable to-day as a result of the cut in the American Steel & Wire Company, but the principal manufacturers declared that the prices would be held firm, although they knew that business would be held back for a week or two. Almost every manufacturer admits that the past few days have been the most critical in the iron and steel business for more than two years. The cut nail manufacturers, it is thought, will endeavor to adjust prices with those of the combine.

R. F. Jones, Jr., treasurer of Jones & Laughlin, limited, one of the most conservative iron firms in the country, said to-day that the reduction in wire nails would have no effect in other lines in the iron and steel business, as far as prices were concerned. He said that the wire combine had made excessive advances in wire nails, and that the consuming public had waited in the hope of securing their needs at lower prices. The result was that business had been somewhat dull, but he declared that the consumers had about made up their minds to buy because of pressing needs, when the unexpected cut of the wire combine was announced.

Mr. Jones thought that the iron and steel market generally would not be affected, that pig iron would not be reduced in price, and that the present prices would continue for some time. The demand for iron and steel of all kinds was too strong to give any indication of weakening just now, and the manufacturers were not in the least frightened at the remarkable actions of the past week. Mr. Jones was sanguine that it would only require a few days for the market to adjust itself and leave everything in a highly prosperous condition.

Other conservative steel manufacturers held the same opinion.

THE PENNSYLVANIA

Secures Control of the Western New
York & Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., April 23.—It is stated on good authority that the Pennsylvania Railroad Company has secured control of the Western New York & Pennsylvania railroad. A meeting of the directors of the latter company was held to-day at which the announcement is said to have been made that the Pennsylvania railroad will take the Western New York stock at \$9 per share and the ten million income bonds at 120, the present market price. This will necessitate an expenditure of \$6,600,000 by the Pennsylvania railroad company. The Western New York & Pennsylvania will earn this year \$350,000 in excess of fixed charges, which will give the Pennsylvania railroad approximately 5 per cent on its investment.

This deal will obviate the necessity of the Pennsylvania proposed line to Buffalo and will give the Pennsylvania and New York Central railroads absolute control of the soft coal trade in the east.

ASSOCIATED MANUFACTURERS

Of Steel Cut Nails Will be Held Here
To-day.

PITTSBURGH, Ky., April 23.—The most important development, locally, resulting from the action of the wire combine directors is a call for a meeting of the associated manufacturers of steel cut nails who have a "gentleman's agreement" regarding prices. It is probable that this meeting will be held at Wheeling to-morrow, at which action will be taken to reduce the price of cut nails to meet the cut made by the wire company. Steel cut nails have been selling at \$2.50 a keg against \$3.20 for wire nails.

Dead Infant's Body Found.

Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.
FAIRMONT, W. Va., April 23.—The body of a female infant was found in the dam at Hoult's, about four miles below here, on the Monongahela river. It was seen up in a portion of a woman's underclothes, and as there were no marks to lead to where it could have come from, it was taken charge of by the proper authorities and decently buried.

Bryan Leaves for Home.

AUSTIN, Texas, April 23.—W. J. Bryan left here to-day for his home in Lincoln, to rest a few days before beginning the summer campaign. He will speak at Wichita, Kas., to-morrow.

Banker Leech in Bad Condition.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The condition of Edward O. Leech, the banker, who underwent an operation for appendicitis in Mount Sinai hospital, was said to-night to be very serious.

Turkish Torpedo Boat Blows Up.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 23.—News has just been received from Beyrout, Syria, to the effect that the Turkish torpedo boat Schamaly blew up in that harbor, April 21, resulting in the loss of 23 lives.

Gen. Warren's New Office.

DURBAN, April 23.—Gen. Sir Charles Warren has been appointed administrator of Bechuanaland. He sailed yesterday for Cape Town.

Plague Infested Rats Found.

MELBOURNE, Victoria, April 23.—Plague infested rats have been found at the Brisbane, Auckland and Melbourne wharves.

The Emperor Will Hunt.

BERLIN, April 24.—Emperor William left Dresden late this afternoon for Schilt, where he will hunt.

Duke of Argyll Dead.

LONDON, April 24.—George Douglas Campbell, duke of Argyll, died this morning.

Movements of Steamships.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.—Arrived: Celtic, New York; Pennland, Philadelphia; Etruria, New York.

ANTWERP, April 23.—Arrived—Southark, New York.

LIVERPOOL, April 23.—Arrived: Dominion, Portland.

Weather Forecast for To-day.

For Ohio and western Pennsylvania, fair in northern, showers in southern portion Tuesday. Wednesday, fair, fresh northerly winds.

For West Virginia, showers Tuesday. Wednesday fair, northeasterly winds.

Local Temperature.

The temperature yesterday as observed by C. Schenck, druggist, corner of Market and Fourteenth streets, was as follows:

5 a. m. 32 7 a. m. 33 9 a. m. 34 11 a. m. 35 1 p. m. 36 3 p. m. 37 5 p. m. 38 7 p. m. 39 9 p. m. 38 11 p. m. 37

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